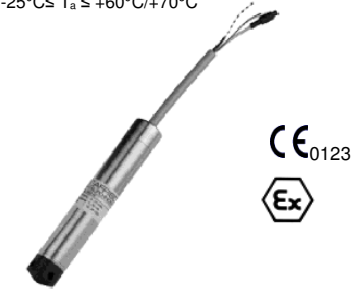


Translation of the
Original Operating Manual

probes for is areas

DMU 08...EX
Ex II 1G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga
Ex II 1D Ex ia IIIC T85°C Da

DMU 09...EX
Ex II 1G bzw. II 1/2G Ex ia IIC/IIB T4 Ga bzw. Ga/Gb
Ex II 1D Ex ia IIIC T85°C Da
-25°C ≤ T_a ≤ +60°C/+70°C



**READ THOROUGHLY BEFORE USING THE DEVICE
KEEP FOR FUTURE REFERENCE**

ID: 900.100.0821 | Version: 11.2019.0

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1. General and Safety-Related Information on
this Operating Manual

This operating manual enables safe and proper handling of the product.
This operating manual forms part of the device and should be kept in close proximity to the place of use, accessible for staff members at any time.

All persons entrusted with the mounting, installation, putting into service, operation, maintenance, removal from service, and disposal of the device must have read and understood the operating manual and in particular the safety-related information.

The following documents are an important part of the operating manual:

- Data sheet
- EC-type-examination certificate

For specific data on the individual sensors, please refer to the respective data sheet.

Download these by accessing www.afriso.de or request them by e-mail or phone: info@afriso.de | Fon: +49 7135 102-211

The explosion-proof versions of our products are variants of the standard products.

Example:

Standard: DMU 08 → IS version: DMU 08...Ex

In addition, the applicable accident prevention regulations, safety requirements, and country-specific installation standards as well as the accepted engineering standards must be observed.

For the installation, maintenance and cleaning of the device, the relevant regulations and provisions on explosion protection (VDE0160, VDE 0165 and/or EN 60079-14) as well as the accident prevention regulations must absolutely be observed. The device was designed by applying the following standards:

IBExU12ATEX1011 X
EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-11:2012, EN 60079-26-2007

IBExU11ATEX1054 X
EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-11:2012

1.1 Symbols Used

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Type and source of danger- Measures to avoid the danger
Warning word	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Imminent danger!- Non-compliance will result in death or serious injury.
DANGER	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Possible danger!- Non-compliance may result in death or serious injury.
WARNING	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Hazardous situation!- Non-compliance may result in minor or moderate injury.
CAUTION	

NOTE – draws attention to a possibly hazardous situation that may result in property damage in case of non-compliance.

- ✓ Precondition of an action

1.2 Staff Qualification

Qualified persons are persons that are familiar with the mounting, installation, putting into service, operation, maintenance, removal from service, and disposal of the product, and have the appropriate qualification for their activity.

This includes persons that meet at least one of the following three requirements:

- They know the safety concepts of metrology and automation technology and are familiar therewith as project staff.
- They are operating staff of the measuring and automation systems and have been instructed in the handling of the systems. They are familiar with the operation of the devices and technologies described in this documentation.
- They are commissioning specialists or are employed in the service department, and have completed training that qualifies them for the repair of the system. In addition, they are authorized to put into operation, to ground, and to mark circuits and devices according to the safety engineering standards.

All work with this product must be carried out by qualified persons!

1.3 Intended Use

The **probes** are exclusively suitable for continuous hydrostatic filling-level measurement.

This operating manual covers devices that have an **explosion-protection approval** and are designed for use in an explosive environment. A device has an explosion-protection approval if this was specified in the purchase order and confirmed in our order acknowledgement. In addition, the type plate includes a ☺ sign.

The user must check whether the device is suited for the selected use. In case of doubt, please contact our sales department (info@afriso.com | Phone: +49 7135 102-211). AFRISO assumes no liability for any wrong selection and the consequences thereof!

The fluids that can be measured are liquids that are compatible with the materials in contact with the fluids, described in the data sheet. For application, it must additionally be ensured that the fluid is compatible with the parts in contact with the fluid.

The specifications listed in the current data sheet are binding and must absolutely be complied with. If you do not have the data sheet to hand, please request it or download it from our homepage. (<http://www.afriso.com>)

1.4 Limitation of Liability and Warranty

Failure to observe the instructions or technical regulations, improper use and use not as intended, and alteration of or damage to the device will result in the forfeiture of warranty and liability claims.

1.5 Safe Handling

NOTE – Treat the device with care both in the packed and unpacked condition!

NOTE – The device must not be altered or modified in any way.

NOTE – Do not throw or drop the device!

NOTE – Excessive dust accumulation (over 5 mm) and complete coverage with dust must be prevented!

The device is state-of-the-art and is operationally reliable. Residual hazards may originate from the device if it is used or operated improperly.

1.6 Safety-Related Maximum Values

IBExU12ATEX1011 X (DMU 09...EX)

U_i = 28 V; I_i = 93 mA; P_i = 660 mW; C_i = 27 nF; L_i = 5 µH plus line inductances of 1 µH/m and line capacities of 160 pF/m

Range of ambient temperature

Use in zone 0 (p_{atm} 0.8 bar to 1.1 bar): -20 ... 60 °C

Use in zone 1: -25 ... 70 °C;

IBExU11ATEX1054 X (DMU 08...EX)

U_i = 28 V; I_i = 93 mA; P_i = 660 mW, C_i = 0 nF, L_i = 0 µH plus line inductances of 1 µH/m and line capacities of 160 pF/m (with factory-supplied cable); with respect to the housing, the supply connections have an interior capacity of max. 27 nF

Range of ambient temperature: -20 ... 70 °C

for type DX19- *** I: -20 ... 65 °C

Use in zone 0 (p_{atm} 0.8 bar to 1.1 bar): -20 ... 60 °C

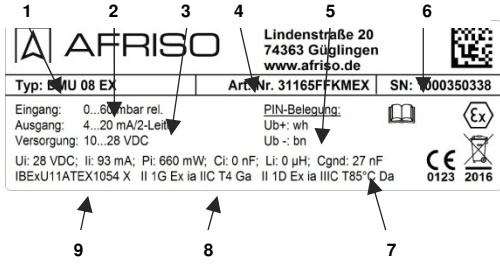
1.7 Packaging Content

Check that all parts listed in the scope of delivery are included free of damage, and have been delivered according to your purchase order:

- probe
- operating manual

2. Product Identification

The device can be identified by means of the type plate with order code. The most important data can be gathered therefrom.



- | | | | |
|---|------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Type designation | 6 | Serial number |
| 2 | Input | 7 | Safety-Related Maximum Values |
| 3 | Output | 8 | IS marking |
| 4 | Order code | 9 | EC-type examination certificate |

Fig. 1: Type plate

NOTE – The type plate must not be removed!

The marking of the equipment shall include the following:

EC-type examination certificate **IBExU12ATEX1011 X**

DMU 09...EX

Marking:
II 1G bzw. II 1/2G Ex ia IIC/IIB T4 Ga bzw. Ga/Gb
II 1D Ex ia IIIC T85°C Da
-25°C ≤ T_a ≤ +60°C/ +70°C

EC-type examination certificate **IBExU11ATEX1054 X**

DMU 08...EX

Marking:
II 1G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga
II 1D Ex ia IIIC T85°C Da

3. Mounting

3.1 Mounting and Safety Instructions

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Explosion hazard, airborne parts, leaking fluid, electric shock- Always mount the device in a depressurized and de-energized condition!
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Explosion hazard due to high-charging processes in connection with free-hanging probes with cable FEP- Fixed installation of the FEP cable!

NOTE – The technical data listed in the EC type-examination certificate are binding. Download these by accessing www.afriso.com or request them by e-mail or phone: info@afriso.com | Phone: +49 7135 102-211

NOTE – Make sure that the entire interconnection of intrinsically safe components remains intrinsically safe. The owner-operator is responsible for the intrinsic safety of the overall system (entire circuitry).

NOTE – If there is increased risk of damage to the device by lightning strike or overvoltage, increased lightning protection must additionally be provided!

NOTE – Install the probe such that any rubbing or bumping of the sensor head (sensor element), e.g. against a container wall, is excluded. Observe the operating conditions such as, for example, flow conditions. This applies in particular to probes equipped with cable outlet and to devices with tube extensions of a length over 2.8 m.

NOTE – Do not remove the packaging or protective caps of the device until shortly before the mounting procedure, in order to exclude any damage to the diaphragm and the threads!

Protective caps must be kept! Dispose of the packaging properly!

NOTE – Treat any unprotected diaphragm with utmost care; this can be damaged very easily.

3.2 Mounting Steps for Probes

NOTE – Always immerse the device slowly into the fluid to be measured! If the probe strikes the liquid surface, the diaphragm could be damaged or destroyed.

NOTE – Fasten the probe properly according to your requirements.

NOTE – Free-hanging probes with FEP cables should not be used if effects of highly charging processes can be expected.

As standard, the probe is supplied without fastening material. Clamp fixing, anchor clamp and mounting flanges are available as accessories, for different mounting variants.

3.3 Mounting Steps for fitting set (code 52125)

- ✓ The mounting thread is clean and undamaged
 - ✓ The O-ring is undamaged and seated in the designated Groove
1. Assemble suitable parts according to demands.
 2. Conduct the cable by the PG11 screw connection..
 3. Note the submersion depth in the vessel.
 4. Then tighten the single parts of the fitting set by hand.

3.4 Removal of Protective Cap (if equipped)

The probes are equipped with a plastic protective cap to protect the diaphragm. This has to be pulled off prior to putting into service if the probe is to be used in a higher viscous fluid such as sludge. This makes the probe front-flush, and the fluid reaches the diaphragm.

Removal by hand

5. Hold the probe such that the protective cap points upward.
6. Hold the probe with one hand on the probe section (Fig. 2 – 1).
7. Pull off the protective cap (Fig. 2 – 2) with the other hand.

Removal using a tool (recommended)

1. Hold the probe such that the protective cap points upward.
2. Slide a thin tool (Fig. 2 – 8), e.g. a screwdriver, through two opposite bores of the protective cap (Fig. 2 – 2).
3. Lever off the protective cap.

NOTE – Do not damage the measuring cell (Fig. 2 – 7) under the protective cap!

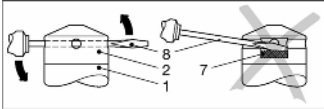


Fig. 2: Removal of protective cap

4. Electrical Connection

4.1 Connection and Safety Instructions

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Improper installation may result in electric shock- Always mount the device in a depressurized and de-energized condition!
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Explosion hazard if the operating voltage is too high (max. 28VDC)!- Operate the device only within the specification! (data sheet)

- ✓ The limit values listed in the EC type-examination certificate are observed. (Capacity and inductance of the connection cable are not included in the values.)
- ✓ The supply corresponds to protection class II. (protective insulation)

NOTE – for devices with **cable outlet**

- When routing the cable, the following minimum bend radii must be observed:

Cable without air hose:
fixed installation: 5-fold cable diameter
flexible use: 10-fold cable diameter

Cable with air hose:
fixed installation: 10-fold cable diameter
flexible use: 20-fold cable diameter

- In case of devices with **cable outlet** and integrated ventilation hose, the PTFE filter located at the cable end on the relative pressure hose must neither be damaged nor removed!

NOTE – Use a shielded and twisted multicore cable for the electrical connection.

NOTE – If a transition is desired from a cable with relative pressure hose to a cable without relative pressure hose, we recommend using the terminal box KL 1 or KL 2.

4.2 Conditions for the Explosion-Hazardous Area

Danger generated by electrostatic charging

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Explosion hazard due to spark formation from electrostatic charging of plastic components.- If devices are equipped with a cable outlet, the connection cable routing must be fixed.- Do not clean the device and, if applicable, the connection cable, in a dry state! Use a moist cloth, for example.
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The following warning sign is affixed on devices with plastic components.

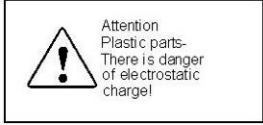


Fig. 4: Warning sign

NOTE – The warning sign must not be removed from the device!

Overvoltage protection

If the probe is used as a Category 1 G piece of equipment, a suitable overvoltage protector must be installed upstream (refer to the German Ordinance on Industrial Health [BetrSichV] and EN60079-14).

Schematic circuit design

The operation of an intrinsically safe probe in the explosion-hazardous area requires special care when selecting the required Zener barrier or transmitter repeater devices so that the device properties can be utilized to the full extent. The following diagram shows a typical arrangement consisting of power pack, Zener barrier and probe.

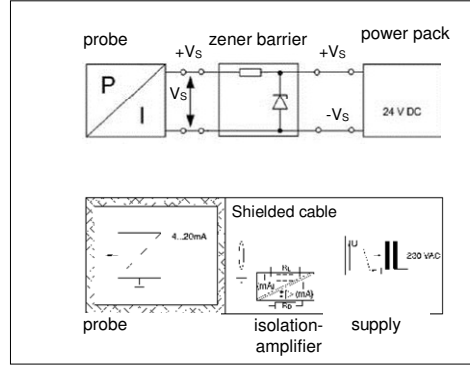



Fig. 5: Wiring diagrams

NOTE – Additionally observe item (17) of the type-examination certificate which specifies special conditions for intrinsically safe operation.

Exemplary circuit description

The supply voltage of e.g. 24 V_{DC} provided by the power pack is led through the Zener barrier. The Zener barrier contains series resistors and Zener diodes as protective components. The operating voltage is applied to the device by the Zener barrier and, depending on the pressure, a particular signal current will flow.

 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Danger to life- Operation of intrinsically safe devices as zone-0 equipment only with ungrounded and galvanically isolated power supply
---	--

Selection criteria for Zener barriers and power supplies

The minimum supply voltage U_{B,min} of the device must not be undercut; the minimum supply voltage is defined in the product-specific data sheet under "Output signal / auxiliary energy". When using a galvanically isolated power supply with linear limitation, it must be taken into account that the terminal voltage of the device will decrease because of the linear limitation, as with a Zener barrier. Furthermore, account must be taken of the fact that a certain voltage drop will also occur on an optionally used signal isolation amplifier, whereby the operating voltage of the transducer will decrease additionally.

Test criteria for the selection of the Zener barrier

In order not to undercut U_{B,min} it is important to check which minimum supply voltage is available at full-level modulation of the probe. The full-level modulation, that is, a maximum and nominal output signal (20 mA), is achieved by applying the maximum physical input signal (pressure).

Usually the specifications of the Zener barrier will provide an answer as to the selection of the barrier. However, the value can also be determined by calculation. If a maximum signal current of 0.02 A is assumed, a certain voltage drop on the series resistor of the Zener barrier follows in accordance with Ohm's law. This voltage drop must be subtracted from the voltage of the power pack, in order to reach the terminal voltage applied to the device in the full-level modulation state. If this voltage is less than the minimum supply voltage, either another barrier or a higher supply voltage must be selected.

NOTE – When selecting the ballasts, the maximum operating conditions according to the type-examination certificate must be observed. When assessing the ballasts, refer to their current data sheets to ensure that the entire interconnection of intrinsically safe components will remain intrinsically safe.

Calculation example for the selection of the Zener barrier

The nominal voltage of the power pack (supply) upstream of the Zener barrier is 24 V_{DC} ± 5 %.

From this follows:

- maximum supply voltage:
V_{Sup,max} = 24 V * 1.05 = 25.2 V
- minimum supply voltage:
V_{Sup,min} = 24 V * 0.95 = 22.8 V

The series resistor of the Zener barrier is specified with 295 Ohms. The following values remain to be calculated:

- Voltage drop at the barrier (at full-level modulation):

$$V_{ab\,barrier} = 295\,\Omega \cdot 0.02\,A = 5.9\,V$$

- Terminal voltage of the device with Zener barrier:

$$V_{KI\,TS} = V_{Sup\,min} - V_{ab\,barrier} = 22.8\,V - 5.9\,V = 16.9\,V$$

- Minimum supply voltage of the device, e.g. LMK 358

(as per data sheet):
V_{KI,TS,min} = 12 V_{DC} (corresponds to U_{B,TS,min})

Condition:

$$V_{KI\,TS} \geq V_{KI\,TS\,min}$$

Result:

The terminal voltage of the device with Zener barrier amounts to 16.9 V and is thus higher than the device's minimum supply voltage which is 12 V_{DC}. This means that the Zener barrier was correctly selected with respect to the supply voltage.

NOTE – Please note that no line resistances have been listed in this calculation. These lead additionally to a voltage drop that must be taken into account.

4.3 Electrical Installation

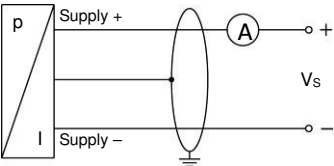
Connect the device electrically according to the information specified on the type plate, the following table, and the connection circuit diagram.

Terminal assignment table:

Electrical connections	Cable colors (IEC 60757)
Supply +	wh (white)
Supply –	bn (brown)
Shield	gnye (green-yellow)

Connection circuit diagrams:

2-wire system (power)



NOTE – For unambiguous identification, the intrinsically safe cable is marked with a light blue shrinkable tube (around the cable insulation). If a modification (e.g. a shortening) of the cable is inevitable whereby the marking at the end of the cable is lost, the marking must be restored! (Renewed marking by a light blue shrinkable tube or by an appropriate marking label).

NOTE – In the case of relative pressure gauges, the cable contains a ventilation hose for pressure equalization. Route the end of the cable into an area or suitable connection box which is as dry as possible and free from aggressive gases, in order to prevent any damage

NOTE – Normally, the required cable is included in the scope of delivery. If existing or special cables need to be integrated, this will increase the total resistance. For applications where the additional line resistance turns out to be interfering, the designated cable must be checked by means of the following calculation:

$$R_L = \frac{\rho \cdot 2 \cdot l}{A}$$

With R_L: resistance of connection line in Ω
ρ: spec. resistance in Ω mm²/m
l: conductor length in m
A: conductor cross-section in mm²

$$U_{Ges} = (R_{L,1} + R_{L,2} + \dots + R_{Burde}) \cdot 0.02\,A$$


with U_{Ges}: total voltage drop
R_{Burde}: load resistance (this can be gathered from the current data sheet)

The following condition must be met:

$$U_B > U_{Ges} + U_{Bmin}$$

with V_S: designated supply voltage
V_{Smin}: minimum supply voltage (this can be gathered from the current data sheet)

4.4 Separable Probes

 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Explosion hazard by separating the probe- Only separate the probe head from the cable part when <u>no</u> explosion hazard exists.
--	---

To simplify storage and maintenance, the probe head can be separated from the cable part and replaced without laborious assembly work, if needed. The following probes are separable.

Disassembly

1. Hold the probe with one hand at the probe section (2) and cautiously turn the sleeve nut (4) counterclockwise with the other hand. When doing so, note that the cable part (3) must not be distorted against the housing!
2. Hold the probe part (2) straight when unscrewing it from the cable part (3), and after loosening, pull off the probe part in a straight motion so that the plug connection is not damaged.

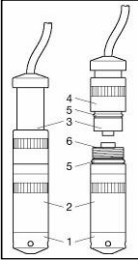


Fig. 7: Separability

Assembly

- ✓ O-rings are not damaged (5, 6) or damaged O-rings have been replaced
 - ✓ Radial O-rings (5) have been greased with petroleum jelly or O-ring grease
 - ✓ Any grease residues have been removed from the axial O-ring (6).
1. Insert the cable part (3) into the mating connector of the probe section (2) in a straight motion.
 2. Hold the probe with one hand at the probe section (2) and screw on the sleeve nut (4) tightly with the other hand. When doing so, note that the cable part (3) must not be distorted against the housing!



Pin assignment

Electrical connections	Binder series 723 (5-pin)	Binder series 723 (7-pin)
Supply +	3	3
Supply -	1	1
Shield	5	2

7. Commissioning

- ✓ The device has been installed properly
- ✓ The device does not have any visible defect
- ✓ The device is operated within the specification. (see data sheet and EC type-examination certificate)

6. Maintenance

 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Airborne parts, leaking fluids, electric shock- Always service the device in a depressurized and de-energized condition!
 Attention	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- due to aggressive fluids- Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. gloves, safety goggles.



In principle, the device requires no maintenance. If necessary, clean the housing of the device using a moist cloth and a non-aggressive cleaning solution.

Cleaning of the diaphragm:
Deposits or contamination may occur on the diaphragm in case of certain fluids. It is recommended to establish appropriate maintenance intervals for checking purposes.

Clean the diaphragm cautiously using a non-aggressive cleaning solution and a soft paintbrush or sponge. If the diaphragm is calcified, it is recommended to have the decalcification performed by AFRISO. Please note the chapter "Service/Repair" with regard to this.

NOTE – Wrong cleaning may damage the measuring cell beyond repair. Do not use any sharp or pointed item, or compressed air to clean the diaphragm.

7. Troubleshooting

 CAUTION	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Airborne parts, leaking fluids, electric shock- If malfunctions cannot be resolved, put the device out of service and proceed according to sections 8 and 10!
 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Explosion hazard- As a matter of principle, work on energized parts, except for intrinsically safe circuits, is prohibited while there is an explosion hazard

In case of malfunction, it must be checked whether the device has been correctly installed mechanically and electrically. Use the following table to analyze the cause and resolve the malfunction, if possible.

Fault: no output signal	
Possible cause	Fault detection / remedy
connected incorrectly	Checking of connections
Conductor/wire breakage	Checking of all line connections
Defective measuring device (signal input)	Checking of ammeter (miniature fuse) or of analog input of your signal processing unit



Fault: analog output signal too low/small	
Possible cause	Fault detection / remedy
Load resistance too high	Checking of load resistance (value)
Supply voltage too low	Checking of power pack output voltage
Defective energy supply	Checking of the power pack and the supply voltage being applied to the device

Fault: slight shift of the output signal	
Possible cause	Fault detection / remedy
Diaphragm of measuring cell is severely contaminated	Cleaning using a non-aggressive cleaning solution and soft paintbrush or sponge
Diaphragm of measuring cell is calcified or crusted	Recommendation: Have the decalcification or cleaning performed by AFRISO

Fault: large shift of the output signal	
Possible cause	Fault detection / remedy
Diaphragm of measuring cell is damaged (caused by overpressure or mechanically)	Checking of diaphragm; when damaged, send the device to AFRISO for repair

Fault: wrong or no output signal	
Possible cause	Fault detection / remedy
Cable damaged mechanically, thermally or chemically	Checking of cable; pitting corrosion on the stainless-steel housing as a result of damage on cable; when damaged, send the device to AFRISO for repair

8. Removal from Service

 DANGER	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Airborne parts, leaking fluids, electric shock- Always dismount the device in a depressurized and de-energized condition!
 Attention	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- due to aggressive fluids.- Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. gloves, safety goggles.

NOTE – After dismounting, mechanical connections must be fitted with protective caps.

9. Service/Repair


Information on service / repair:

- www.afriso.com
- info@afriso.com
- Service phone: +49 7135 102-211

9.1 Recalibration

The offset value or range value may shift during the life of the device. In this case, a deviating signal value in relation to the set lower or upper measuring range value is output. If one of these two phenomena occurs after extended use, a recalibration in the factory is recommended. Please note the chapter "Service/Repair" with regard to this.


9.2 Return

 WARNING	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- due to pollutants- Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. gloves, safety goggles
---	--

For every return shipment, whether for recalibration, decalcification, alteration or repair, the device must be cleaned thoroughly and packed in a break-proof manner. A return declaration with a detailed fault description must be added to the defective device. If your device has come into contact with pollutants, a declaration of decontamination is additionally required. Appropriate templates can be found on our homepage. Download these by accessing www.afriso.com or request them by e-mail or phone: info@afriso.com | Tel.: +49 7135 102-211

In case of doubt regarding the fluid used, devices without a declaration of decontamination will only be examined after receipt of an appropriate declaration.

10. Disposal

 WARNING	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- due to pollutants- Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. gloves, safety goggles
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The device must be disposed of according to the European Directive 2012/19/EU (waste electrical and electronic equipment). Waste equipment must not be disposed of in household waste!

NOTE – Dispose of the device properly!






11. Warranty Terms

The warranty terms are subject to the legal warranty period of 24 months, valid from the date of delivery. If the device is used improperly, modified or damaged, we will rule out any warranty claim. A damaged diaphragm will not be accepted as a warranty case. Likewise, there shall be no entitlement to services or parts provided under warranty if the defects have arisen due to normal wear and tear.

12. EU Declaration of Conformity / CE

AFRISO-EURO-INDEX GmbH hereby declares its sole responsibility that the products mentioned above comply with the Directives and standards listed.

Technik für Umweltschutz		Messen, Regeln, Überwachen.	
EU – Konformitätserklärung EU-Declaration of Conformity / Déclaration EU de conformité Declaração de conformidade CE / Declaração de conformidade CE			Formblatt FB 27 - 03
Name und Anschrift des Herstellers AFRISO-EURO-INDEX GmbH, Lindenstr. 20, 74363 Güglingen Manufacturer / Fabricant / Fabricante / Nome e endereço do fabricante: Erzeugnis: Druckmessumformer Product / Produit / Produto / Produto: Typenbezeichnung: DMU 03 Ex, DMU 04 Ex, DMU 05 Ex, DMU 08 Ex Type / Type / Tipo / Tipo: Betriebsdaten: 4-20 mA, 2-Leiter, DC 10-28 V Techn. Details: Caractéristiques / Características / Detalhes Técnicos: Das bezeichnete Erzeugnis stimmt mit den Vorschriften folgender Europäischer Richtlinien überein: The above mentioned product meets the requirements of the following European Directives Le produit mentionné est conforme aux prescriptions des Directives Européennes suivantes El producto indicado cumple con las prescripciones de las Directivas Europeas siguientes O produto indicado cumpre com as prescrições das seguintes Diretivas Europeas:			
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (2014/30/EU) Directive Electromagnetic Compatibility / Directive compatibilité électromagnétique / Directiva compatibilidad electromagnética / Diretiva sobre compatibilidade eletromagnética - EN 61326-1:2013			
Explosionsschutz-Richtlinie (2014/34/EU) ATEX Directive / Directive ATEX / Diretiva ATEX / Diretiva ATEX - DIN EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-11:2012 - EG-Baumusterbescheinigung-Nr.: IBEuX11ATEX1054 X Ausgabe 1 - Benannte Stelle: IBEuX Institut für Sicherheitstechnik GmbH, 09599 Freiberg, KennNr. 0637			
Druckgeräterichtlinie (2014/68/EU) Pressure Equipment Directive / Directive équipements sous pression / Directiva equipos a presión / Diretiva sobre equipamentos sob pressão - Modul A - Gült. nur für Geräte mit max zulässigem Überdruck > 200 bar			
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Datum / Date / Fecha / Data		14.6.2018 Jünterschrift / Signatura / Firma / Assinatura	
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Technik für Umweltschutz		Messen, Regeln, Überwachen.	
EU – Konformitätserklärung EU-Declaration of Conformity / Déclaration EU de conformité Declaração de conformidade CE / Declaração de conformidade CE			Formblatt FB 27 - 03
Name und Anschrift des Herstellers AFRISO-EURO-INDEX GmbH, Lindenstr. 20, 74363 Güglingen Manufacturer / Fabricant / Fabricante / Nome e endereço do fabricante: Erzeugnis: Druckmessumformer Product / Produit / Produto / Produto: Typenbezeichnung: DMU 07 Ex, DMU 09 Ex Type / Type / Tipo / Tipo: Betriebsdaten: 4 – 20 mA, 2-Leiter Techn. Details: Caractéristiques / Características / Detalhes Técnicos: Das bezeichnete Erzeugnis stimmt mit den Vorschriften folgender Europäischer Richtlinien überein: The above mentioned product meets the requirements of the following European Directives Le produit mentionné est conforme aux prescriptions des Directives Européennes suivantes El producto indicado cumple con las prescripciones de las Directivas Europeas siguientes O produto indicado cumpre com as prescrições das seguintes Diretivas Europeas:			
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (2014/30/EU) Directive Electromagnetic Compatibility / Directive compatibilité électromagnétique / Directiva compatibilidad electromagnética / Diretiva sobre compatibilidade eletromagnética - EN 61326-1:2013			
Explosionsschutz-Richtlinie (2014/34/EU) ATEX Directive / Directive ATEX / Diretiva ATEX / Diretiva ATEX - EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-11:2012, EN 60079-26:2007 - EG-Baumusterbescheinigung-Nr.: IBEuX12ATEX1011 X - Benannte Stelle: IBEuX Institut für Sicherheitstechnik GmbH, 09599 Freiberg, KennNr. 0637			
Unterschieber: Signed / Signataire / Firmante / Assinado por:		Dr. Aldinger, Geschäftsführer Technik Technical Director / Diretor Técnico 	
Datum / Date / Fecha / Data		27.5.2018 Jünterschrift / Signatura / Firma / Assinatura	
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